Preliminary Design of Heliostat Field and Performance Analysis of Solar Tower Plants (SEI-2)



A joint India-U.S. research consortium funded under the *Joint Clean Energy Research & Development Center (JCERDC)*

Scientific Achievement:

We developed a methodology to estimate the preliminary design of a heliostat field and performance of a tower plant with storage and hybridization using an external cylindrical receiver.

Significance and Impact:

The methodology facilitates an initial design to estimate the optimum height of the tower and, thereby, the size and performance of the solar field for a plant of a given capacity.

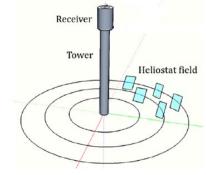
Research Details:

The preliminary design of heliostat field field and tower height for a given plant capacity are estimated considering the following:

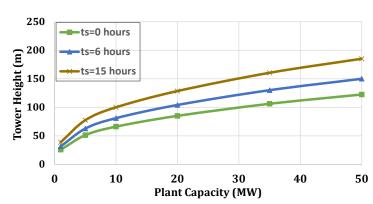
- Non-dimensional heliostat field: coupling the solar field with tower height and fixing the the boundary of the field considering useful energy.
- Efficiency of various systems: heliostats, receiver, power block (both full load and part load), heat exchanger.
- Optimization of the system: performed by considering the annual solar-toelectrical efficiency.

The design has been used to generate data on hypothetical plants of various capacities in Jodhpur, and thermal storage hours and hybridization for technical performance assessment.

Publication: G. Srilakshmi, N.S. Suresh, N.C. Thirumalai, M.A. Ramaswamy, "Preliminary design of heliostat field and performance analysis of solar tower plants with thermal storage and hybridisation," *Sustainable Energy Technologies and Assessments* **19**, 102–113, (2017). DOI: 10.1016/j.seta.2016.12.005



Schematic of solar tower technology.



Variation of tower height with plant capacity for different thermal storage (ts) hours.

Contacts: G. Srilakshmi (<u>srilakshmi@cstep.in</u>), N.S. Suresh (<u>suresh@cstep.in</u>), N.C. Thirumalai (<u>thirumalai@cstep.in</u>) and M.A. Ramaswamy (<u>mar@cstep.in</u>)

















